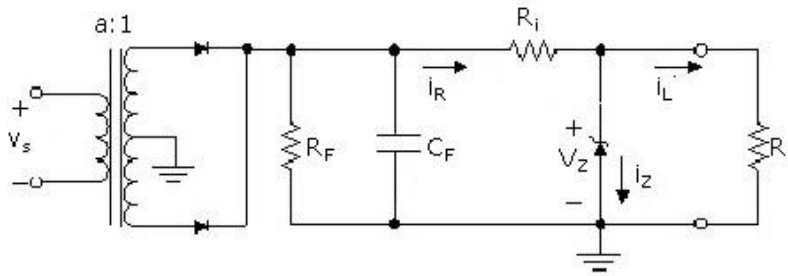
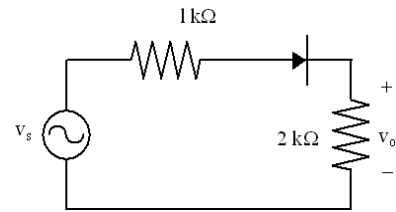


Show all work. Clearly indicate final answer(s).

1. (50 pts) Assume no resistor, R_F , is used in the circuit below and the transformer is a 4:1 center tapped transformer with a 120Vrms 60Hz input. Assume the minimum voltage allowed at the regulator input is 14V:
 - a. What value of R_i would be needed to maintain 10V across a load whose current varies from 50mA to 200mA?
 - b. What value of capacitor is needed in the regulator in order to maintain a minimum voltage of 14V?

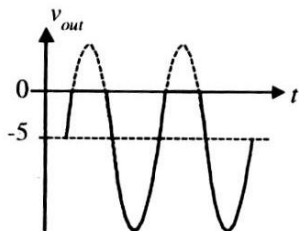


2. (30 pts) For the circuit to the right, sketch the output voltage, v_o , when the input voltage $v_s = 9\sin\omega t$ V. Assume the V_{ON} of the diode is 0.6V and $R_f = 0$.

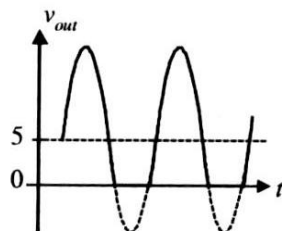


3. (20 pts) A silicon diode is placed in a circuit and is operating at 85°C. At 25°C, the diode has a 0.68V drop. What is the voltage drop of the diode when in the circuit?

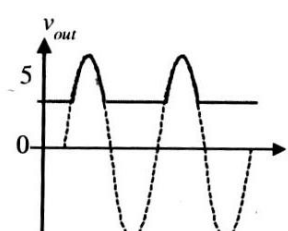
Extra Credit: (20 points max) What type of circuit is needed to obtain the waveforms shown below? Assume the input is $10\sin t$ V. Draw the circuits and label them.



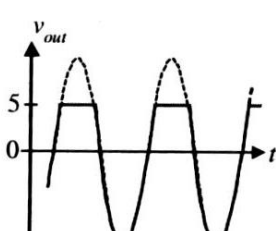
(a)



(b)



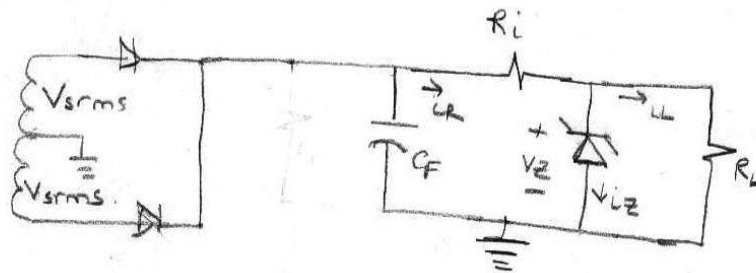
(c)



(d)

E3.10 4:1

120V_{rms}
60Hz



want: R_i for $V_L = 10V (=V_Z)$

given: $I_{Lmin} = 50mA$, $I_{Lmax} = 200mA$

$V_{smin} = 14V$

use (3.58)
$$R_i = \frac{V_{smax} - V_Z}{I_{Lmin} + I_{Zmax}}$$

(3.61)
$$I_{Zmax} = \frac{I_{Lmin} (V_Z - V_{smin}) + I_{Lmax} (V_{smax} - V_Z)}{V_{smin} - 0.9V_Z - 0.1V_{smax}}$$

$$V_{smax} = \sqrt{2} V_{srms} = \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{120}{(4)(2)} \right) \cong 21.21V$$

$$I_{Zmax} = \frac{(0.05)(10 - 14) + (0.2)(21.21 - 10)}{14 - (0.9)(10) - (0.1)(21.21)} = 0.709A$$

$$R_i = \frac{21.21 - 10}{0.05 + 0.709} \cong \underline{\underline{14.8\Omega}}$$

E3.11 want C_F so that $V_{\min} = 14V$

from E3.10: $R_i = 14.8\Omega$, $V_{\max} = 21.21V$, $V_z = 10V$

$$\text{use (3.62)} \quad C_F = \frac{V_{\max} - V_z}{\Delta V f_p R_i}$$

$$\Delta V = 21.21 - 14 = 7.21V$$

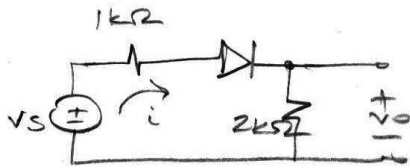
$$f_p = 120\text{Hz} \text{ (full wave rectifier)}$$

$$C_F = \frac{21.21 - 10}{(7.21)(120)(14.8)} = 8.75 \times 10^{-4} F$$

$$\underline{\underline{C_F = 875 \mu F}}$$

F05T1P2

P3.9



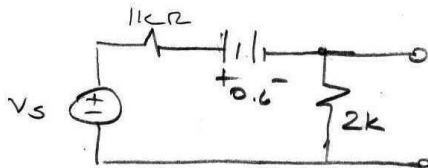
$$v_s = 9 \sin(\omega t) \text{ V}$$

$$V_{on} = 0.6 \text{ V}$$

$$R_f = 0$$

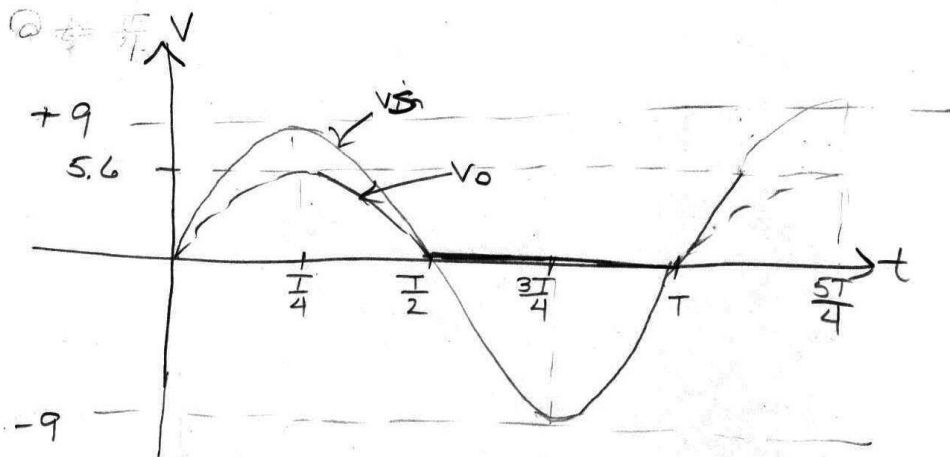
$v_s < 0$: diode open, $i = 0$, $v_o = 0$

$v_s \geq 0$: forward biased diode, $R_f = 0$



$$V_{o\max} = \frac{(9 - 0.6) 2k}{2k + 1k} = 5.6 \text{ V}$$

output tracks input, but is scaled.



FOST/P3

P3.3

Want: V_{on} @ $T = 85^\circ\text{C}$

Given: $V_{on} = 0.68\text{V}$ @ $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Use (3.32) where $T_{on} = 85^\circ\text{C}$
 $T_{room} = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 $k_T = -2\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$ (Si)

$$V_{on}(85^\circ\text{C}) - V_{on}(25^\circ\text{C}) = k_T (85^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C})$$

$$V_{on}(85^\circ\text{C}) = 0.68 - 0.002(60)$$

$$V_{on}(85^\circ\text{C}) = \underline{0.56\text{V}}$$

F0577 EC

P3.44

